

#### Strategies in Addressing Program Alignment in Customer Service

The Community Resource Academy and Integrated Resource Team Strategy



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#### Meet Your Facilitators



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#### Objectives

- ✓ Understand the Integrated Resource Team (IRT) strategy and how it can be applied
- ✓ Understand how the IRT Strategy fits into the Illinois Workforce System priorities
- ✓ Recognize benefits of the IRT strategy for customer service
- ✓ Identify resources that will support collaborative teams in using the IRT strategy through the Community Academy
- ✓ Learn how to structure and conduct IRT meetings



Connecting the IRT to:

1: Illinois Workforce System Priorities

2: WIOA

# Related Priorities Identified by Illinois LWIBs and WINTAC Local Offices/Programs

- (#4) Communication Occurs across One-Stop Programs (20 Areas)
- (#3) Cross-Training is Provided to Staff (14)
- (#1) Use Customer Input to Design and Deliver services (9)
- (#9) Processes are Streamlined and Aligned (7)
- (#13) Customer Information is Shared (7)
- (#12) Partners Share an Understanding of Career Pathways (5)
- (#8) Services are Delivered by Function (4)



#### WIOA and the IRT

#### WIOA ...

- ➤ Calls for streamlining of core programs, including the development of a Combined or Unified State Plan and cross-system/program common measures; and
- Calls for focusing services on targeted populations that have barriers to employment and for providing more wraparound services.

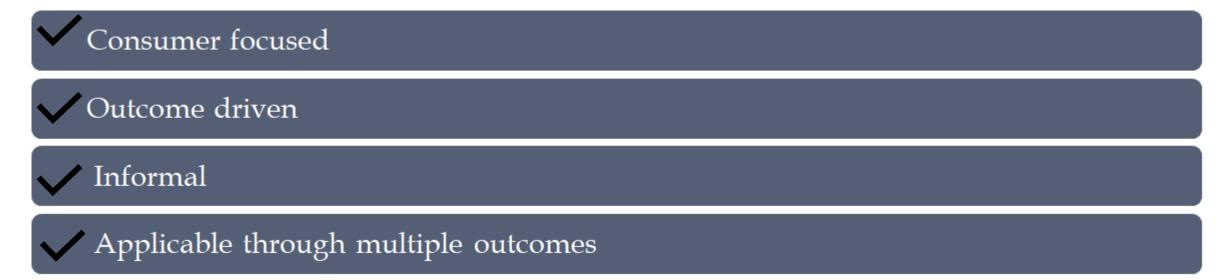
#### The IRT ...

- >Streamlines services through a cross-agency team approach; and
- ➤ Offers a tangible model for providing wraparound services based on the individual need of the job seeker to help the job seeker meet their employment goal (WIOA Common Performance).



## WIOA and the IRT (continued)

The IRT has many qualities that may make it an important and effective strategy for emerging WIOA service delivery models as it is a method of coordinating resources that is...





# Conceptualizing the IRT

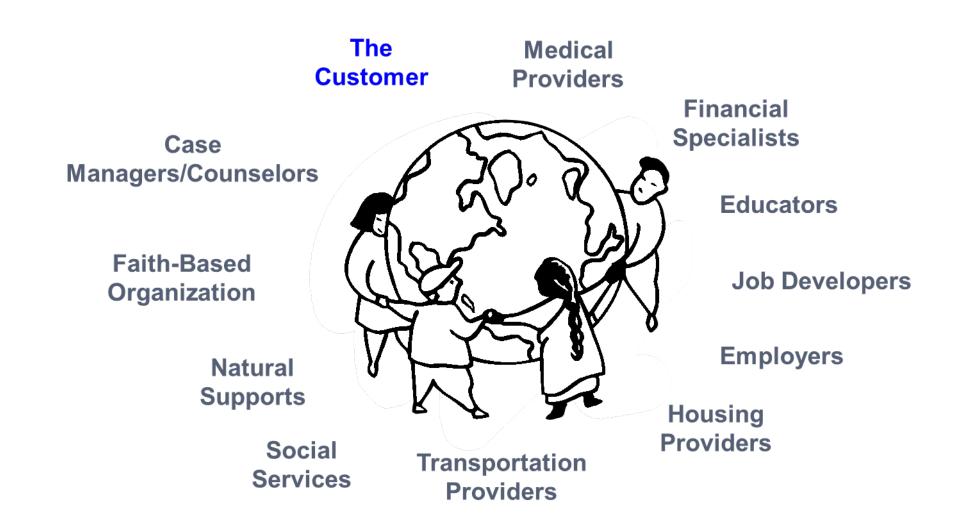


#### The Silo Effect





#### The IRT Connection





#### Historical Background

- Born from the Disability Program Navigator (DPN) Initiative and its successor, the Disability Employment Initiative (DEI)
- Developed in response to the challenge of providing services across multiple systems based on the needs of an individual consumer
- Identified that customers often did not access all needed resources or received duplicative
- Recognized the need to address resource gaps based on an individual's needs
- Proved that through the IRT individual and systems level change could occur



# Defining the IRT



#### What is an IRT?

- > Initiated on behalf of a customer to address that individual's specific needs
- ➤ Brings together a team of diverse service providers to strategize how services can be coordinated to reach and maintain an employment goal
- ➤ Is an informal agreement between a customer and the systems providing services
- ➤ The customer and the team of service providers come together to establish three main components:
  - ✓ Customer-identified, mutually agreed upon, employment goal
  - ✓ Lines of Communication
  - ✓ Sequence of Services.



#### Goals of the IRT

- > Enhance cross-agency, cross-system collaboration and communication
- Collaboration makes everyone's job easier
- Promotes relationship building
- Allows the members to coordinate resources
- Customer driven approach members of the team are based on the customer's unique needs
- Promotes shared accountability
- Share resources to address the needs of more people
- Shared outcomes across systems



#### What an IRT IS and What it IS **NOT** ...

- > An IRT is an approach used for an **INDIVIDUAL** customer.
  - An IRT is NOT an interagency committee consisting of various disability/community agencies that focus on systems collaboration.
- > The main purpose of an IRT is **EMPLOYMENT**.
  - The main purpose of an IRT is NOT resource mapping or to assist an individual to learn about various agency resources.



#### Who Participates in an IRT?

## An IRT may consist of members from a wide variety of community programs and service providers, including the following:

- The Workforce system
- Behavioral Health
- Vocational Rehabilitation
- Community Work Incentives
   Coordinator
- Employment Specialists
- Housing Provider
- School or Post Secondary Education
- Employer

- Correctional system probation
- TANF
- Faith Based organizations
- Social Services
- Transportation services
- Apprenticeship sponsors
- Veterans Services
- Advocates/Friends of Job Seeker
- Others?



## Developing Partnerships through the Community Academy

# The Community Academy – Strategy to Get to Know Your Partners



- Brings together a wide range of community partners – traditional and non-traditional
- Promotes knowledge translation of all programs and resources
- Allows for "same page" understanding of the IRT and enhances "by-in"
- Produces "out of the box" thinking

- Builds relationships
- Develops cross agency team collaboration
- Allows for brain storming of real customer issues
- Enhances effectiveness of future work
- Enables understanding of one another's possibilities and limitations

Coordinating an IRT





#### IRT Flow of Services



Step 1: Career Exploration

> Identify goals and needs

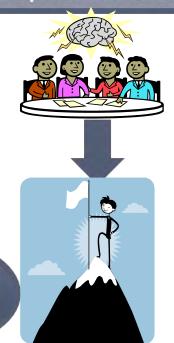


#### Step 2: Active Resource Coordination

- Resource Planning
- Positioning to access resources

#### Step 3: Integrated Resource Team

- 1. Identify common goal
- 2. Lines of communication
- 3. Sequence of services



Outcome



### Step 1: Career Exploration and Need

As was noted in the previous section, the purpose of an IRT is to help the consumer attain their specific employment goal

Career Exploration serves as the first step in developing an IRT. The career exploration should result in a *proposed* employment goal that is:

- ✓ Self-determined
- ✓ Strength-based
- ✓ Concrete enough to build a plan around
- ✓ Meets the required outcomes of the systems accessed.



## Step 1: Career Exploration and Need (continued)

Once the employment goal has been identified, consider the following:

#### >Employment Goal

 Are there resources and/or expertise beyond what is available from your own system that are critical to your customer's success in attaining the proposed employment goal?

#### >The Customer

- What other systems is your customer currently accessing?
- Are there other systems that can help them attain and retain the proposed employment goal?



#### Step 2: Active Resource Coordination

Active Resource Coordination (ARC) is the process of identifying needed resources and appropriate and prioritized action steps to address specific, targeted barriers to employment experienced by an individual customer.

ARC is likely something you are already doing during the process of intake and plan development. Compared with the current service delivery model, this may just be an enhanced and more intentional step under the IRT approach.

- > ARC is more than just a referral to multiple service providers.
- ARC is the process of helping the customer create a goal-specific (hint: employment goal) resource plan.



#### Step 2: ARC (continued)

ARC is directly assisting a customer to convene and negotiate with multiple service providers to create an employment plan that accesses needed resources from multiple systems. Considerations when determining if your agency does active resource coordination include the following:

- ➤ Are referrals given before or after the development of an employment goal?
- ➤ Is communication between service providers solely the responsibility of the customer?

Active Resource Coordination always takes place **PRIOR** to an Integrated Resource Team (IRT) being put in place, although active resource coordination may take place without resulting in an IRT.

So you can have ARC without an IRT, but you CANNOT have an IRT without first having done some Active Resource Coordination!



#### Step 2: ARC vs. Simple Referral

- Active Resource Coordination is more than simple referral. As noted on the previous slide, it includes helping the customer to engage and approach partners around the potential for partnering with your agency.
- Many agencies will provide information and referral, but the customer may not understand the relevance of a referral or the steps that need to be taken. Active resource coordination helps the customer to identify, engage and coordinate resources around their needs relevant to achieving their employment goal.



#### Step 3: Building the IRT

#### THREE ELEMENTS OF EVERY IRT MEETING

#### The Individual

- Multiple needs/barriers
- Lack of coordination
- "Stuck"

#### **The Team**

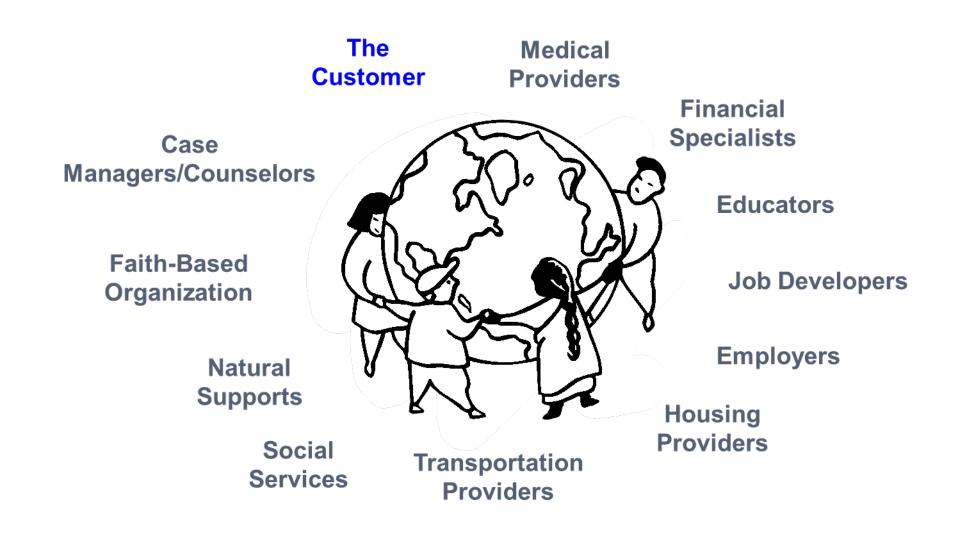
- Led by the job seeker
- Professional support is only a facilitator
- Expertise and partnering is the key

#### **The Plan**

- Not about the solution; about the puzzle
- Evolves
- Not tied to funding



## Building the Team





#### Step 3: Who Should Be at the Table?

#### The Employment Goal

 What resources beyond those available in your system are critical to your customer's success in attaining their employment goal?

#### The Customer

- What system is your customer currently accessing?
- What services might your customer be eligible for that are relevant in the context of attaining their stated employment goal?



#### Step 3: Approaching Partners

Before approaching partners, the customer should be engaged by your system and positioned to access your system's resources.

#### For example ...

- ✓ Customer should be eligible or presumed eligible for your system's services.
- ✓ Customer should have determined an employment goal that allows for the application of your system's resources.
- ✓ Customer should be consulted and agree to all contacts, and have a clear understanding of the IRT approach and its benefits.



#### Step 3: Building the IRT - Partnerships

- Connect to partners based on individuals needs and service gaps
  - Connect to services your customer is already involved in
  - Determine what other services they need to connect to and invite
- If the customer needs to apply for services prior to attendance at the IRT, assist with the process
  - Ask questions concerning the specific services that are being delivered.
  - Emphasize the benefits of partnering with your program.
  - Try to uncover areas where you or the partner have some flexibility within the established plans.



#### Step 3: Building the IRT -- Convening the meeting

- ➤ Once the customer is determined eligible by another service provider, and these service providers are agreeable to partnering, discuss with your customer their role as the driving member of the Integrated Resource Team.
- ➤ After establishing the customer's role, a face-to-face meeting should be convened -- whenever possible -- with the partners and the customer. If a face-to-face meeting is not possible, virtual meetings are adequate.
- ➤ The purpose of the meeting is to reach consensus around the following three key parameters:
  - 1. A common employment goal
  - 2. Lines of Communication
  - 3. A Sequence of Services



Facilitating an IRT Meeting and Negotiating a Multi-Partner Strategy



#### Step 2: Reaching Consensus

After introductions have been made, and purpose and concerns have been discussed, the group should set out to reach consensus around the following three key elements:

- ✓ A Common Employment goal (as identified by the customer)
- ✓ Lines of Communication
- ✓ A Sequence of Services



#### Step 2a: Reaching Consensus on Employment Goal

#### A Common Employment Goal

- ➤ Most service providers will have some sort of employment goal as an outcome to services.
- Each provider will have specific parameters as to **HOW** an employment outcome is defined.
- > Discuss what outcomes are linked to resources accessed.



#### Step 2b: Reaching Consensus on Lines of Communication

#### **Lines of Communication**

- ➤ The customer agrees to communication between partners.
- >Identify what information will be communicated.
- >Identify how partners will be informed of progress or needs.

Who is the point of contact?



#### Step 2c: Reaching Consensus on Sequence of Services

#### **Sequence of Services**

- > Determine which services are necessary at each point in a plan.
- ➤ Link services to milestones within a plan.
- Find out when services stop for each provider.



## Step 3: A Multi-Partner Strategy

- After reaching consensus around the employment goal and the lines of communication, agencies agree to provide specific supports and resources based on what is available through their programs in support of the customer obtaining their employment goal.
- ➤ Each agency completes their own specific plan/required documentation and either indicates support provided by other agencies in their Manage Information System (MIS) -- if the MIS has that functionality -- or case notes regarding partner involvement.
- ➤ Agreement around a timeline or need for further IRT Meetings should also be discussed.



## A Quick Review:

- ➤ Active Resource Coordination is the process in which you help customers identify resources, that are beyond what your own program can provide, and help to engage those resources around a mutually agreed upon employment goal.
- ➤ Following Active Resource Coordination, an *IRT meeting* is convened with the customer and partner agencies in which (led by the customer) the customer and agencies come to consensus around three key parameters:
  - Employment Goal
  - Lines of Communication
  - Sequence of Services
- > Customers and Partners agree to roles and services consistent with their own agencies allowances and plans are documented and moved forward.



### **IRT Considerations**

## Based on your customer's work goal and listed challenges, determine the following:

- What types of people, supports, resources does this individual need to reach their goal?
- With this information, who should participate in this individual's IRT?
- Which agencies/individuals would contribute to the success of this individual?
- Who or what natural or other supports should be at the table?
- Who will be the most productive advocate or mentor for this individual to assist with attaining their goals?



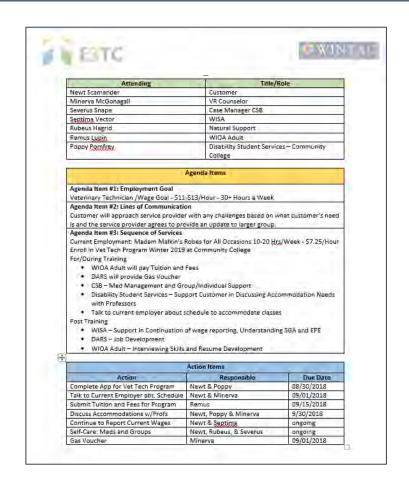
## IRT Considerations (continued)

### Set up your IRT for success and sustainability

- Which agency would be the best fit to provide the leadership/coordination for the IRT?
- What role will each member of the team play?
- Who is responsible for what and when?
- How and when will the team communicate with the customer? With one another?
- Do you have a plan for supporting crises or roadblocks?
- Do you have equal resource sharing (time and financial), and do you have full buy-in from everyone?
- Does the individual have responsibility and buy-in?
- Who will ensure forward momentum?
- Do you have a plan for continuation beyond program exit?



## Negotiating the Plan





## Parts of the Plan - Attendees

Attending	Title/Role	
Jeremy Walsh	Customer	
Penny Martin	VR Counselor	
Mark Hampton	Probation Officer	
Janine Smart	Work Incentives Counselor	
Harold Pulaski	Builders Association Pre-Apprenticeship Coordinator	
Emily George	WIOA-Title 1 Manager	
Bradley Sheehan	ABI Therapist	
Nicholas Callahan	Math & Reading Tutor	
Susan Walsh	Natural Support-Mother	
Matthew LaPierre	Vehicles For Change Coordinator	



## Parts of the Plan - Agenda

#### Agenda Items

#### Agenda Item #1: Employment Goal

Carpentry Apprentice / Wage Goal - \$15/Hour - 30+ Hours a Week

#### Agenda Item #2: Lines of Communication

Jeremy will approach Penny with any challenges based on what his needs and she has agreed to provide bi-weekly updates to the larger group.

#### Agenda Item #3: Sequence of Services

Enroll in 26 Week Pre-Apprenticeship Carpentry Training Program with the Builder's Association. Once Completed, Jeremy will enter into a four year paid apprenticeship program.

- WIOA Title 1 Will Pay for all Tools and Learning Materials. His WIOA Title One Manager will also help Jeremy with his resume and interview preparation.
- VR will pay for transportation to and from Pre-Apprenticeship Classes as well as a tutor to prepare Jeremy for his Proficiency Exams. VR has also agreed to purchase Jeremy a "smart pen" to help Jeremy retain information he learns in his classes.
- Vehicles for Change will assist Jeremy with the application to acquire a donated work truck by the time he is ready to enter into a paid apprenticeship.
- Pre-Apprenticeship Coordinator will assist Jeremy with his pre-apprenticeship
  application and class schedule. He will also work with the instructors to provide
  Jeremy reasonable accommodations in the classroom. Once Jeremy has graduated
  from the Pre-Apprenticeship Program, he will assist him in acquiring an official paid
  apprenticeship.
- ABI Therapist -Will Oversee Med Management, Group/Individual Counseling, and Independent Living Skills
- Probation Officer Adjust Jeremy's Appointment Schedule to fit with class schedule.
- Work Incentives Counselor Support Jeremy with wage reporting, and will help him set up an ABLE account so he can save for his own housing.
- Natural Support will be given by his mother who agreed at today's IRT meeting to now allow Jeremy to live with her rent-free until he secures his paid apprenticeship.



## Parts of the Plan – Action Items

Action Items			
Action	Responsible	Due Date	
Complete Pre-Apprenticeship Application	Jeremy Walsh & Harold Pulaski	07/24/2020	
Re-Adjust Probation Meeting Schedule	Mark Hampton	07/15/2020	
Purchase Tools and Equipment	Emily George	08/10/2020	
Develop Tutoring Session Schedule for Proficiency Exams	Jeremy Walsh & Nicholas Callahan	08/17/2020	
Enroll in ABLE Account	Jeremy Walsh & Janine Smart	07/30/2020	
Self-Care: Meds and Groups	Jeremy Walsh & Bradley Sheehan	ongoing	
Set Up Transportation Vouchers and Purchase Smart Pen	Penny Martin	08/20/2020	
Complete Vehicles For Change Application and Schedule Interview	Jeremy Walsh & Matthew LaPierre	08/13/2020	
Provide Bi-Weekly Updates Via Email	Penny Martin	07/27/2020 & Ongoing	
Begin Pre-Apprenticeship Classes	Jeremy Walsh	08/24/2020	



# Recapping the Benefits of the IRT



## The Benefits of an IRT – Win-Win (Slide 1 of 3)

- The IRT approach is individualized and promotes active involvement and accountability of all team members.
- IRT members and services are dynamic, providing flexible and timely services and supports that are adjusted in response to the changing needs, preferences or life situations of the individual as they move through the employment process.
- The IRT is a "Team Approach," ensuring a holistic response, providing a full complement of needed services for the individual.
- The IRT leverages existing resources to improve coordination and avoid duplication of services.
- Active Resource Coordination can provide the vehicle for agencies to come together and provide stabilization services to prepare an individual to develop an employment goal prior to participating in the full IRT services.
- The "Teamwork" established within the IRT alleviates a heavy load on any one person or agency.



## The Benefits of an IRT – Win-Win (Slide 2 of 3)

- The IRT can designate a member to maintain documentation of services and progress that can be replicated through copy/paste and entered into each agency's separate MIS systems, thereby cutting down on documentation burden. Assessment documents can be shared so all agencies get the same information as needed.
- The IRT promotes accountability and follow-through for both individual and service providers.
- The IRT can provide a single point of contact for the individual with lines of communication being established as a mechanism to keep all members informed.
- The IRT can happen anywhere providing ease of access for the individual to their service team.





- The IRT can establish complimentary services and increase practitioner's knowledge of other service delivery options. Team members can establish a common mission that respects individual agency's criteria for services and allows each agency to contribute their strength to create a whole of the parts.
- The IRT is empowering for the individuals as they see how many people they have supporting and encouraging them to achieve their goals.
- Lines of communication are established to include a common understanding of individual agency terms and definitions.
- The IRT provides a mechanism for sharing costs, resources and can establish common goals for the individual that can be replicated on each agency's individualized plan.
- The IRT builds relationships between agency staff and the individuals they serve.

## WINTAC Workforce Innovation Technical Assistance Center

## Revisiting the Priorities Identified by Illinois LWIBs and Local Offices/Programs

- (#4) Communication Occurs across One-Stop Programs (20 Areas)
- (#3) Cross-Training is Provided to Staff (14)
- (#1) Use Customer Input to Design and Deliver services (9)
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## The IRT Positive Results





### Resources

### Success Stories in Utilizing an Integrated Resource Team

- February 2018 (Iowa)
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CYuWjYKgZdI
- Integrated Resource Team Portland Oregon
  - https://vimeo.com/260033830
- Workforce Innovation Technical Assistance Center (WINTAC)
  - http://www.wintac.org
  - Archived training on IRT Site registration required
    - http://lms.wintac.org/course/view.php?id=68



## Questions

